Abstract
Rapid growth of cities and its physical development is led to the various crises in the urban life such as environmental problems and life quality decline. This study is aimed to determine the satisfaction of citizens living quality and environment miran identify variables influencing satisfaction of citizens living in regions 1 and 8 of the comprehensive plan as a Tabriz. Research method was survey- analytical so that required data are collected using questionnaires and have been analyzed with factor analysis test, T- test, and pearson correlation coefficient. Based on the results, the satisfaction of residents living in areas 1 and 8 Tabriz in 2.862 with a median of 3 has been rated as an average satisfaction of the inhabitants of their residential environment is. Among the seven components of the Pearson correlation coefficient, respondents

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rate the comfort of the seventh component of residential environment with a significance level of .385, and the correlation coefficient -.045 have bemoaned.

**Keyword:** Factor Analysis, T-Test, Pearson Correlation Coefficient, Satisfaction, Residential Environment.